



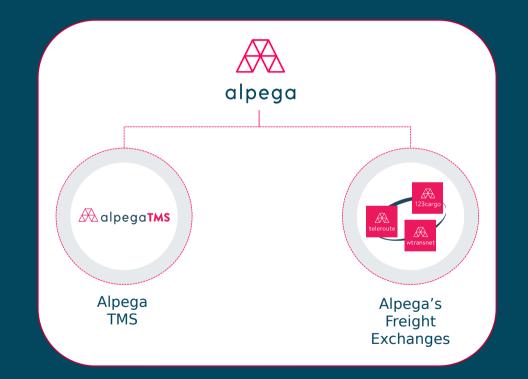
Alpega group: A history of logistics excellence



Alpega TMS is the combination of two of the market's most innovative, established and trusted TMS solutions

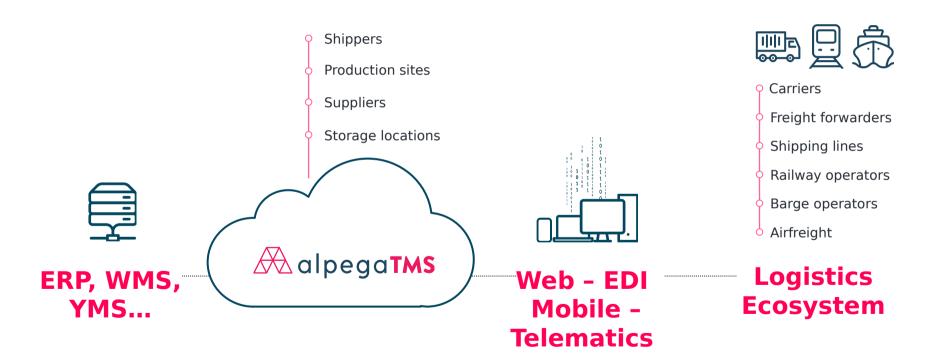






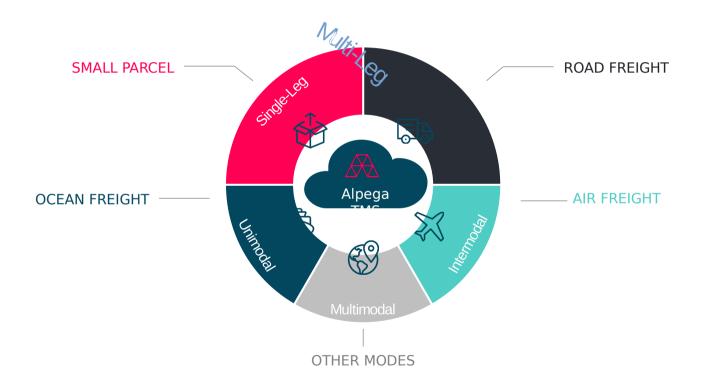
Alpega TMS seamlessly connects logistics ecosystems

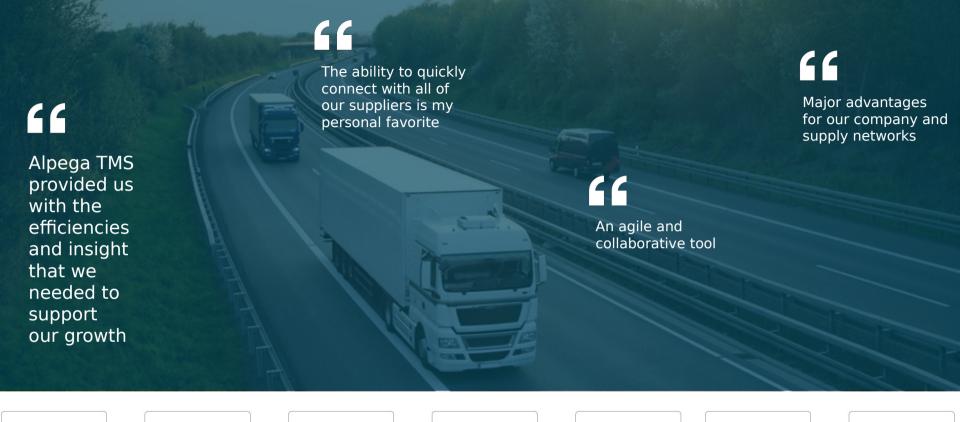




Global and multimodal





















Alpega's strengths and core expertise



DEEP-ROOTED LOGISTICS DOMAIN EXPERTISE

600+ LOGISTICS EXPERTS 30+ years of experience



10 YEARS IN A ROW IN THE GARTNER MAGIC QUADRANT

Shows recognition of our unique offering to the market, especially when combined with the international Freight Exchanges that are part of Alpega Group



SCALABLE

Our future-proof solution lets you start with exactly what you need and scale up as your complexity increases



80 COUNTRIES

Alpega is a globally operating logistics software company



BORN IN THE CLOUD

All our systems are cloud-based and available 24/7



OVER 147,000 USERS

We have a proven track record- our TMS can be easily integrated into any given IT environment, any ERP system



FROM SINGLE PRODUCTS TO ONE PLATFORM



Transwide[®]











THE MAIN CHALLENGES ON OUR JOURNEY



Architecture

Autonomous products built with different technologies, different clouds and different design patterns must work seamlessly together

alpegaTMS One integrated platform

User experience

Different products designed by different teams, using different technologies and different patterns need to appear as "one solution" to the customer

Testing

Different technology stacks, different automation patterns, integration testing across multiple platforms

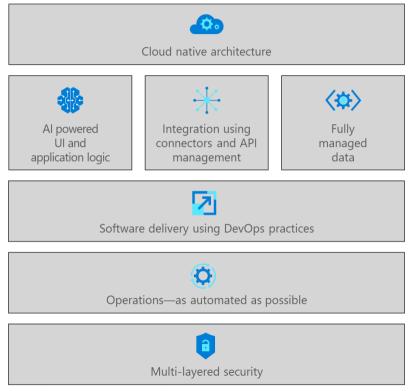


CLOUD NATIVE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT



Cloud native application development

Cloud native technologies empower organizations to build and run scalable applications in modern, dynamic environments such as public, private, and hybrid clouds.



https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/overview/cloudnative/

CNCF Cloud Native definition: https://github.com/cncf/toc/blob/main/DEFINITION.md

CNCF Cloud Native glossary: https://github.com/cncf/glossary/blob/main/cloudnative-glossary.pdf

CLOUD NATIVE ARCHITECTURE ELEMENTS Micros



Microservices

Architectural approach to developing an application as a collection of modular, loosely coupled services

DevOps

People, processes, and technology that promote collaborative building and delivery



Containers

Standard deployment format to abstract code from underlying infrastructure differences

APIs

Expose services as light-weight APIs for easier integration



Event driven compute-on-demand experience that extends with capabilities to implement code triggered by events

BUSINESS INITIATIVES AND TECHNOLOGY



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MICROSERVICES

The new architecture for modern apps



App Modernization

DEVOPS

The new operating model







CONTAINER

The new way to delivery apps



CloudFormation







Service

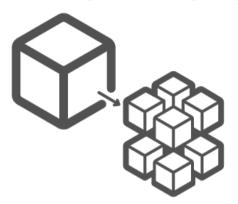
Speed & Efficiency

CLOUD

Driving down the cost of infrastructure

MICRO SERVICE ARCHITECTURE





- The benefit of decomposing an application into different smaller services is that it improves modularity
- Easier to understand, develop, test, and become more resilient to architecture erosion
- Parallelizes development by enabling small autonomous teams to develop, deploy and scale their respective services independently
- Isolated for measurements helps to quickly see where are the bottlenecks and where improvements should be made
- Sounds easier than it actually is distributed monolith

DECOUPLE DEVELOPMENT AND RELEASE



Part of being Cloud-native is the ability to ship as

often as possible

We ask our teams everday:

Can we ship today?



Build health
Feature readiness
Bug status
Test status







A TRUE MULTI-CLOUD ENVIRONMENT

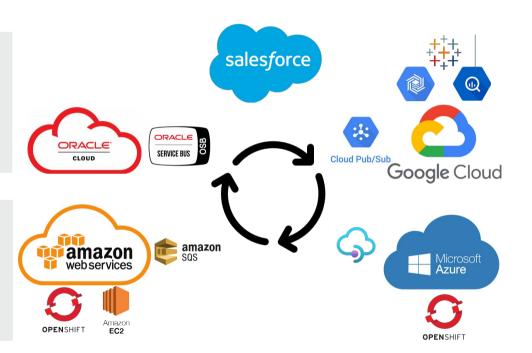


Oracle Kubernetes Engine

Operating OKE clusters as we want to stick to managed services in each cloud; OCI Azure Interconnnect might allow us ARO usage in future

RedHat Open Shift on Amazon

Operating 3 ROSA clusters plus currently migrating from self-managed Openshift clusters and pure EC2 installations



Google Kubernetes Engine

GKE for testing purposes only, as we currently use Google Cloud solely for our business intelligence and data science landscape

Azure RedHat OpenShift

Operating 3 ARO clusters that we originally migrated from AWS self-managed clusters to Azure

WHY OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM



OPENSHIFT - Platform as a Service

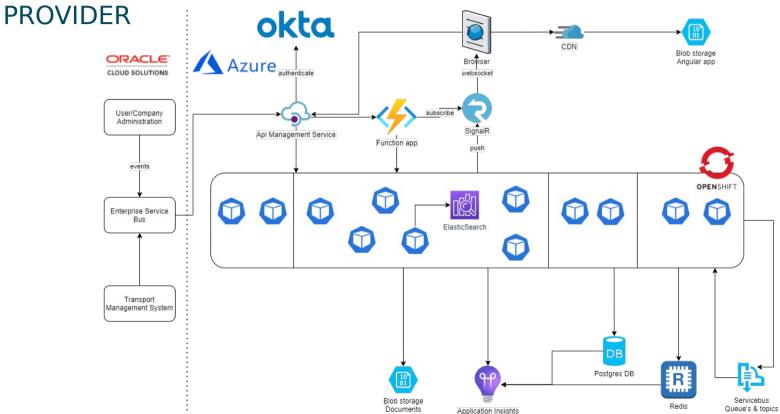
- Allow best cooperation between development and infrastructure
- Produces faster complex platforms
- Low running costs
- Active and broad community
- Allowed us seamless migration from AWS to Azure



ARCHITECTURE BLUEPRINT

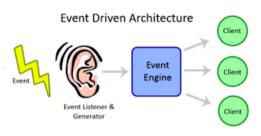


STANDARDIZING SERVICE ARCHITECTURE PER CLOUD



EVENT DRIVEN APPLICATION





Event Driven

very intuitive and naturally well-suited to applications where a are based on events (slot bookingAccepted/bookingUpdateAccepted/SlotUnavailable)

- > concurrency is easily handled without any locking
- > track history of booking actions

Events

- BookingAccepted
- BookingRejected
- BookingUpdateAccepted
- BookingUpdateRejected (an update of an existing booking failed due to the restrictions applied to the new context)
- SlotUnavailabilityDetected
- BookingCancelled (when user cancels the booking, or a template update cancels a pre-booking)

Our system has therefore an « Eventual consistency »

Concept to view and update data in « high concurency » environment without locking/slowness

Consistency = All clients see the same data, even with concurrent updates. **High Availablity** = All clients can access some version of the data **Tolerance** = a <u>liveness</u> guarantee ~ (informally guarantees that, if no new updates are made to a given data item, eventually all accesses to that item will return the last updated value).

BOOKING DESIGN

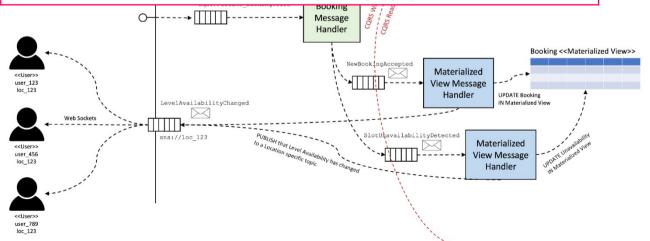


-CQ

CQRS*: separate writing from reading - different technologies applied

- Often reading data is much more frequent than writing.
- Reading data we typically retrieve a larger amount of data or lists of data compared to writing that should affect one aggregate only.
- Reads from a user perspective has to be more performant than writes. User tends to find it easier to accept a slower response when data is changed.

(*CQRS=Command Query Responsibility Segregation)



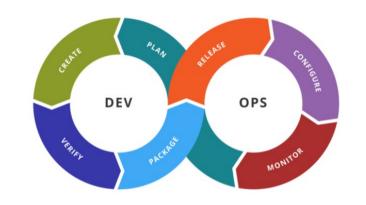


DEVOPS & CONTINUOUS DELIVERY

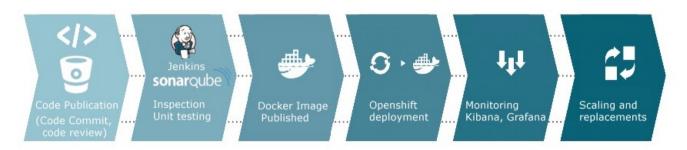


DevOps = the union of people, process, and technology to continually provide value to customers.

Continuous Delivery = every code change is built, tested, and then pushed to a non-production testing or staging environment. The difference between continuous delivery and continuous deployment is the presence of a manual approval to update to production.

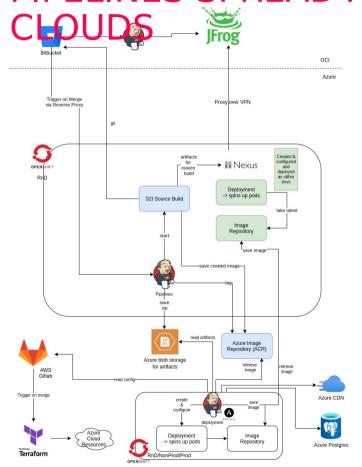


Continuous delivery via Jenkins as orchestrator for OpenShift



PIPELINES SPREAD ACROSS THE

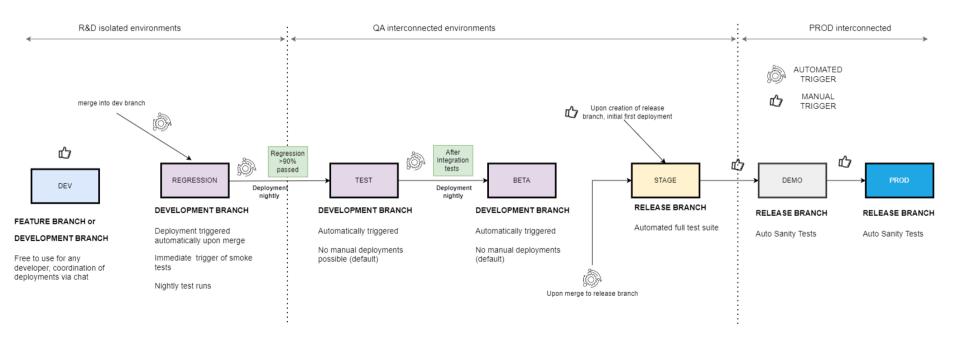


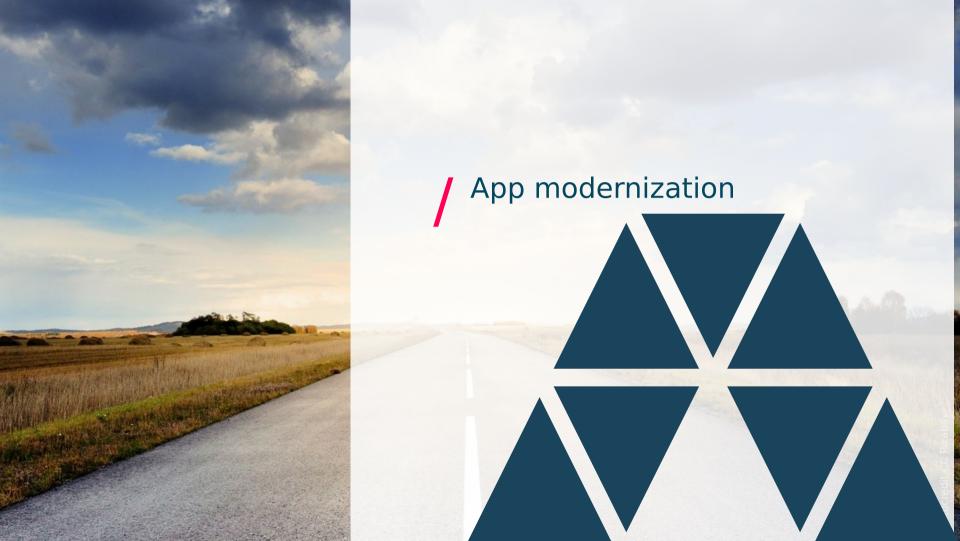


- Jenkins as orchestrator of the whole process (feature complete, huge set of plugins)
- Seperated build and deploy pipelines
- Seperated Openshift clusters (build in RnD, deploy in rest of the clusters)
- Terraform for all cloud ressource provisioning

AUTOMATED PIPELINES UPON MERGE







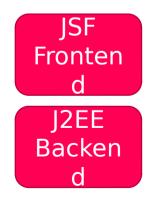
HOW TO MOVE LEGACY TO NEW



ARCHITECTURE

ARCHITECTURE

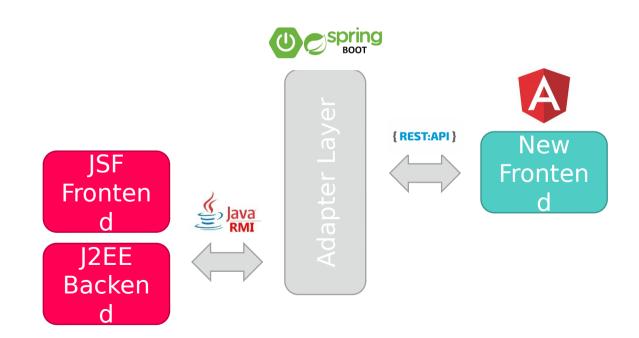
ARCHITECTURE



HOW TO MOVE LEGACY TO NEW

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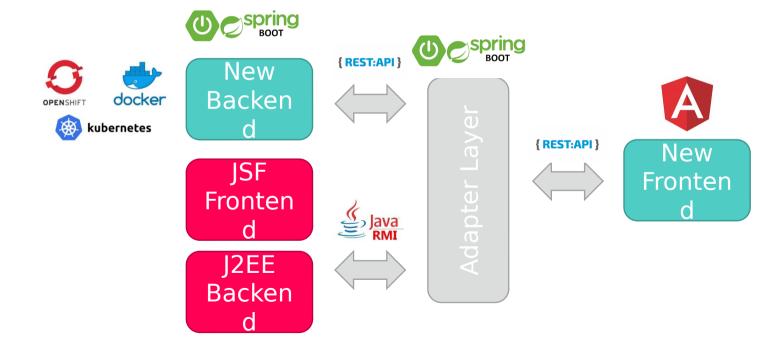




HOW TO MOVE LEGACY TO NEW PARICHUPTE THE THE REPACKEND



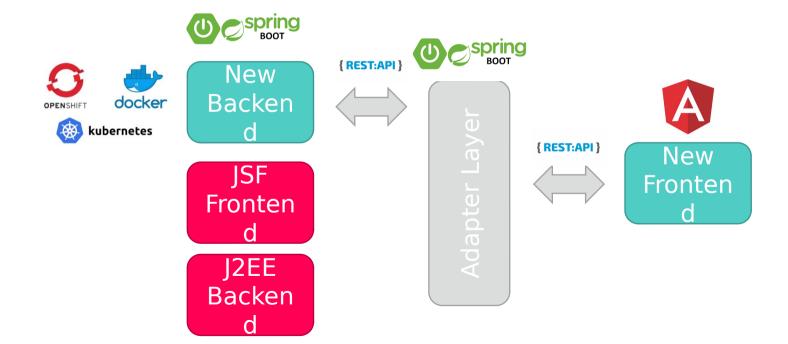




HOW TO MOVE LEGACY TO NEW



ARCHOTBACKEN & BRCE NEW IS READY, KEEP IT FOR MIGRATION



HOW TO MOVE LEGACY TO NEW ARACHICTERETAFREE? MIGRATION













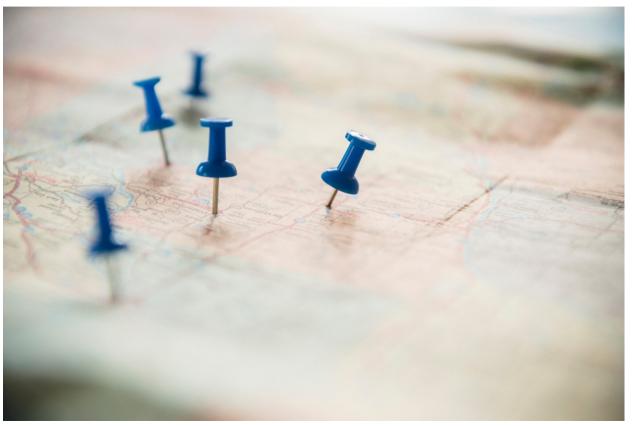






IT'S A JOURNEY...





SUMMARY AND NEXT STEPS



UI/UX

Testing

Architectur e

- Defined a blueprint for modern architecture
- Defined a blueprint for legacy migration
- Continuously work in simplifying our cloud integration and infrastructure
- Automate as much as possible





Thank you!



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